



IN COOPERATION WITH:



S.J. & JESSIE E. QUINNEY  
COLLEGE of  
NATURAL RESOURCES  
UtahStateUniversity



*U.S. Geological Survey - Utah Division of Wildlife Resources - Utah State University  
The Ecology Center - U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service - Wildlife Management Institute*

# Annual Report 2018

U.S. Geological Survey, Utah Cooperative  
Fish & Wildlife Research Unit

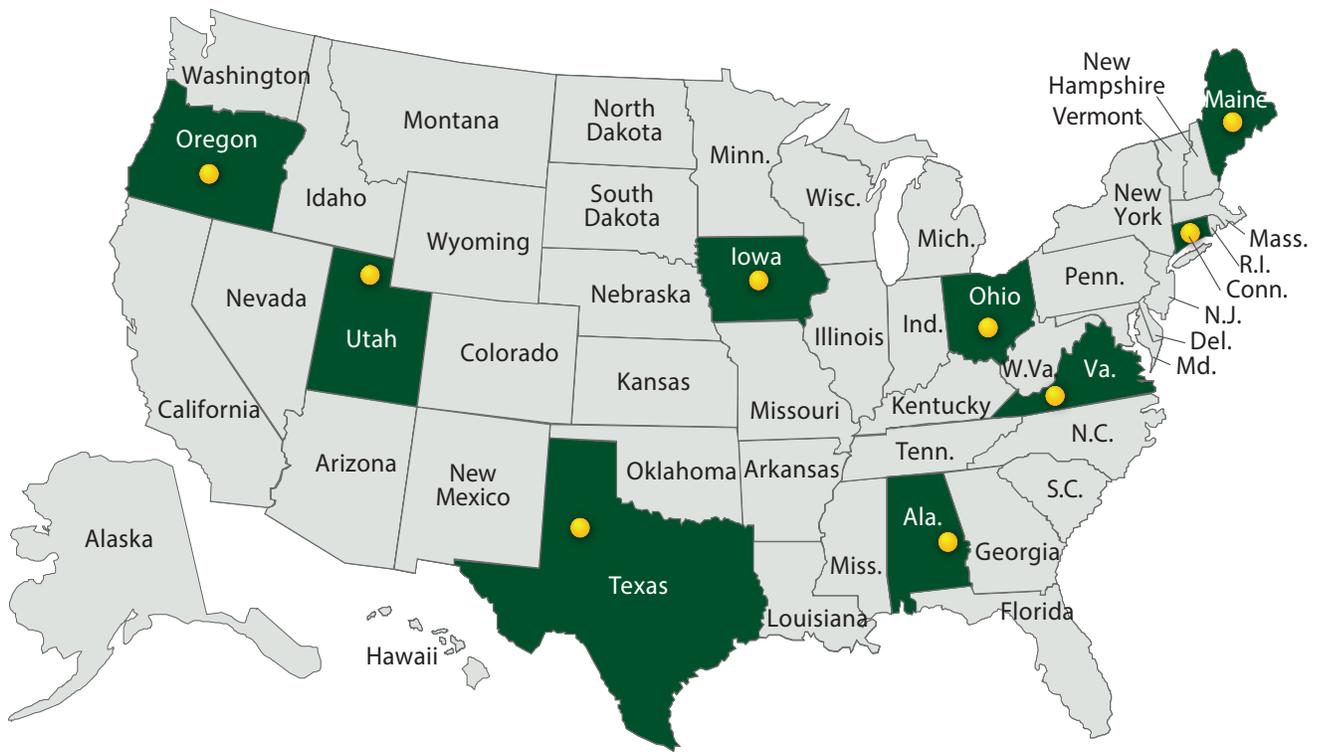
Lorem ipsum

# *Brief History of U.S. Geological Survey Cooperative Fish & Wildlife Research Units*

*The Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Research Units date back to 1932 when J.N. “Ding” Darling invested \$3,000 to establish the first Unit in Iowa. This investment was in response to reading a report prepared by Aldo Leopold and 14 other prominent conservationists. This influential report boldly stated that, “wildlife demand was stripping supply,” and there was a need to educate personnel to solve the wildlife conservation problems and to conduct research for wildlife management.*

*Three years later the first nine Units were established at land-grant universities. Utah was chosen to be one of the original nine established and was to represent the Intermountain West. Now 84 years later there are 40 Coop Units housed in land-grant universities across the United States including Alaska and Hawaii.*

*Cover Photo by Shauna Leavitt  
Bonneville cutthroat trout research  
in Right-hand fork, a tributary of Logan River.*



**1935: First 9 Units**



**2019: 40 Current Units**



## **Mission Statement**

### **Utah Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Research UDWR - Utah**

In 2019, the Utah Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Research Unit celebrates its 84th year of educating future wildlife and fisheries managers and conducting fish and wildlife research – all in an effort to preserve the natural resources of the Intermountain West. This is all possible due to the Agreement among its cooperators, Utah Division of Wildlife Resources (UDWR), the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), and Utah State University (USU). The Wildlife Management Institute and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service also participate.

The major limiting influences on fish and wildlife resources in the Intermountain West are terrestrial habitat degradation and loss, and watershed and water development issues. Rapid population growth in the state, coupled with societal desires to access the wide range of natural resources available in the state, has exacerbated the pressures on both terrestrial and aquatic resources. These pressures require novel approaches to the study of, and transfer of research results to, those tasked with the responsibility to blend research information on the status and health of the state's terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems with other societal values. The

Unit's principal role is to serve as nexus for the collection of this important information. We achieve this through excellence in research, instruction, and interaction with cooperators.

Research expertise of the Unit staff includes landscape ecology, conservation biology, research design and applied statistics, larger scale animal dynamics, geographical information system and habitat restoration methodology, terrestrial and aquatic habitat analysis, population management and assessment, fish population dynamics, and aquatic food web dynamics. Current research activities focus on landscape-level habitat studies, ecological modeling of lake, reservoir, and riverine systems, avian and terrestrial ecology, and the effects of climate change on habitat and biota throughout the Intermountain West. Future research directions of the Unit will continue to involve endangered fish and wildlife species, sustainable game and sport fish management, and landscape-level studies involving modeling for future climate scenarios.

Primary graduate and cross-listed graduate/undergraduate

level courses taught by unit personnel include Graduate Fish Ecology (WATS 6230), Research Communication (WATS 4950), and Management and Manipulation of Ecological Data Using R (WILD 4580/6580), plus other R-based courses on request of cooperators. Unit personnel have also developed and provided instruction in continuing education and professional advancement short courses for agency personnel, with a current emphasis on analytical tools used by DWR biologists. The Unit also facilitates instruction in a diverse array of workshops developed by cooperating Faculty in the Quinney College of Natural Resources (QCNR) to a wide range of agency cooperators as well.

Cooperating faculty in QCNR, the Ecology Center, and across the University (USU) are, and will continue to be, integrated into Unit research to apply diverse expertise to all facets of a research problem. The primary goal of the Unit is to provide high quality information necessary to help resolve pressing natural resource problems. The Unit strives to do this by bringing to bear expertise found not only in the Unit staff, but also in the diversity of cooperating faculty found at USU.

# Research Highlights

## Western Forest Grouse

**PI: David Dahlgren**

Due to the lack of scientific data, managers do not know the full impact habitat fragmentation, human development, climate change, and improper grazing have on forest grouse.

David Dahlgren, assistant professor in the Quinney College of Natural Resources was discussing this deficit with Jason Robinson, upland game coordinator, for Utah Division of Wildlife Resources. Both recognized the potential benefits of using modern research techniques with forest grouse.

Dahlgren explains, “We wanted to get ahead of the ball.” If forest grouse, particularly duskies, are to be considered key species for our mountain ecosystems, we needed scientific information for management.

With the use of tagging they found forest grouse are not being impacted by hunter harvesting. As data continues to be gathered more question will be answered.

*The full stories aired on Utah Public Radio's Wild About Utah.*



## Bonneville Cutthroat Trout in Right-hand Fork

**PI: Phaedra Budy**

For over a decade, managers worked in rivers to keep the Bonneville Cutthroat Trout (BCT), off the Endangered Species list.

One such location is the Right-hand fork, a tributary of the Logan River located in mountains of Northern Utah. Prior to 2013, the Right-hand fork was brimming with invasive Brown Trout.

Phaedra Budy, unit leader for the Utah U.S. Geological Survey Cooperative Fish & Wildlife Research Unit, hypothesized the dense population of Brown Trout were overflowing into the main leg of Logan River, increasing the exotic trout population there. She predicted if managers could replace the Brown Trout with a population of Bonneville Cutthroat trout, these native fish would thrive. Once the native trout population were recovered and robust, they too would begin to overflow into the main arm of the river and increase the native trout's population throughout Logan River.

In about 2010, a partnership of UDWR, USFS, Cache Anglers, and USU began taking steps for recovering the BCT trout in the tributary.

The BCT trout are now thriving in the Right-hand fork with multiple age classes and big, fat, catchable native trout.

## Utah's Native Penstemons

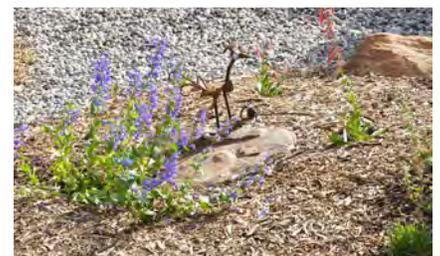
**PI: Thomas C. Edwards**

Over 100 full species or sub-species of penstemon plants are native to Utah. They thrive in hot conditions and require little water. Some penstemons are quite rare and found in very limited areas

To help preserve these rare flowering plants, Utah's Department of Natural Resources, through the Division of Wildlife Resources, partnered with USU to use modeling as an aid to determine where the rare flowers grow.

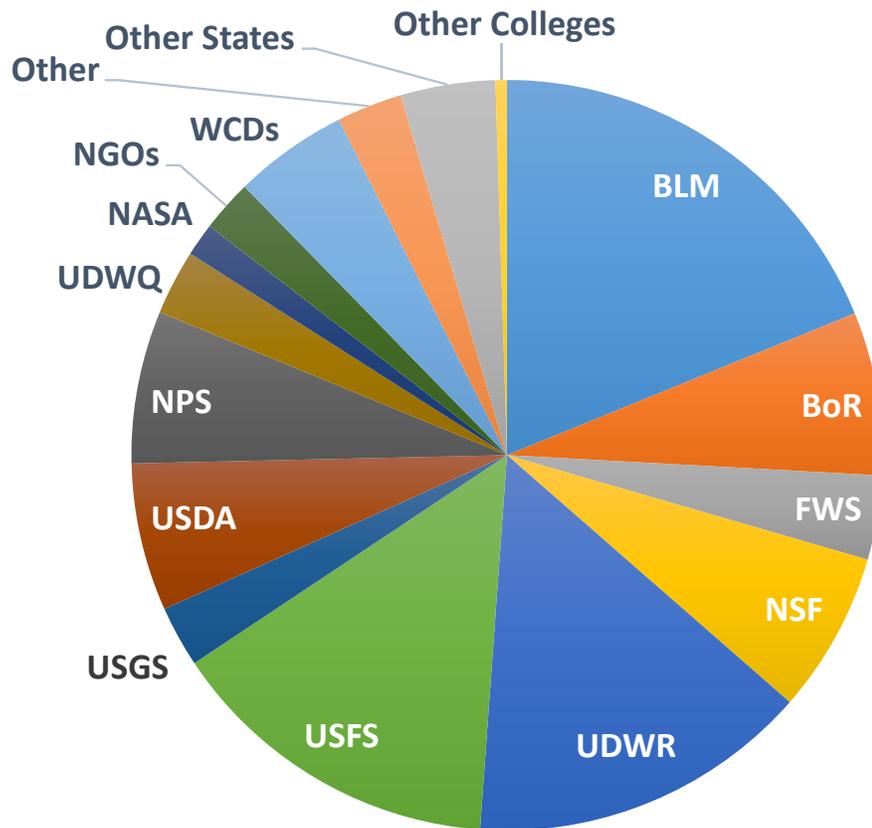
By using survey data from the Utah Heritage Program, which tells where the rare plants have been found, the data is entered into the model and fine tuned so it can more accurately tell the researchers other locations where the rare plants may be.

Tom Edwards, assistant unit leader with the U.S. Geological Survey, said, once we have the models and understand where the rare plants are, it allows management agencies to work with their stakeholders (who include tribal nations, energy groups and ranchers) to decrease the impacts they have on these rare plants.



# FY2018 QCNR Reserach Funding

## Total: \$6M



**BLM**- Bureau of Land Management  
**BoR** - Bureau of Reclamation  
**FWS** - U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service  
**NSF** - National Science Foundation  
**UDWR** - Utah Division of Wildlife Resources  
**USFS** - U.S. Forest Service  
**USGS** - U.S. Geological Survey

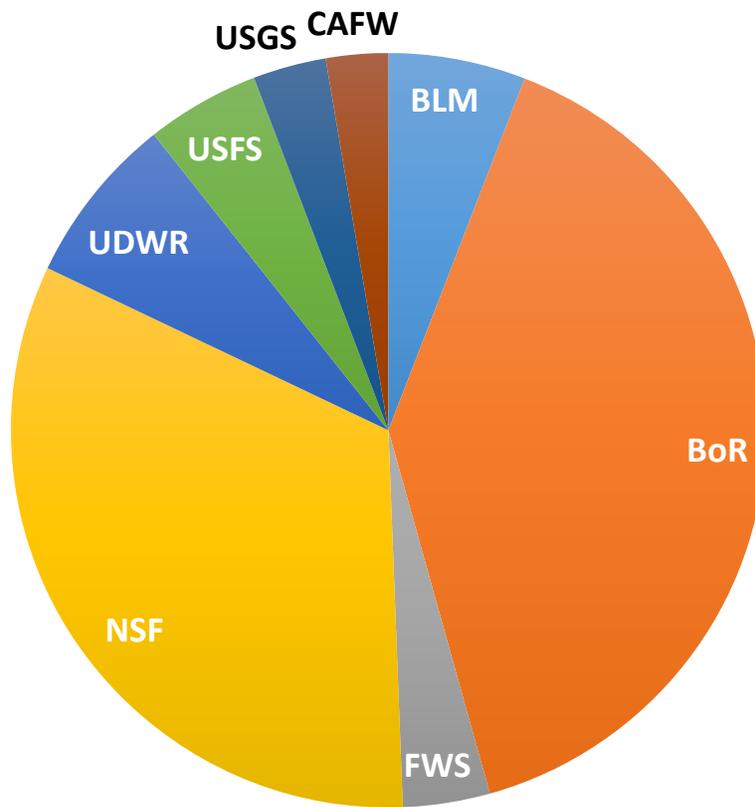
**USDA** - U.S. Department of Agriculture  
**NPS** - National Park Service  
**UDWQ** - Utah Division of Water Quality  
**NASA** - Aeronautics & Space Admin.  
**NGOs** - Non-Government Organizations  
**WCDs** - Water Conservancy Districts



Photo by Colton Finch

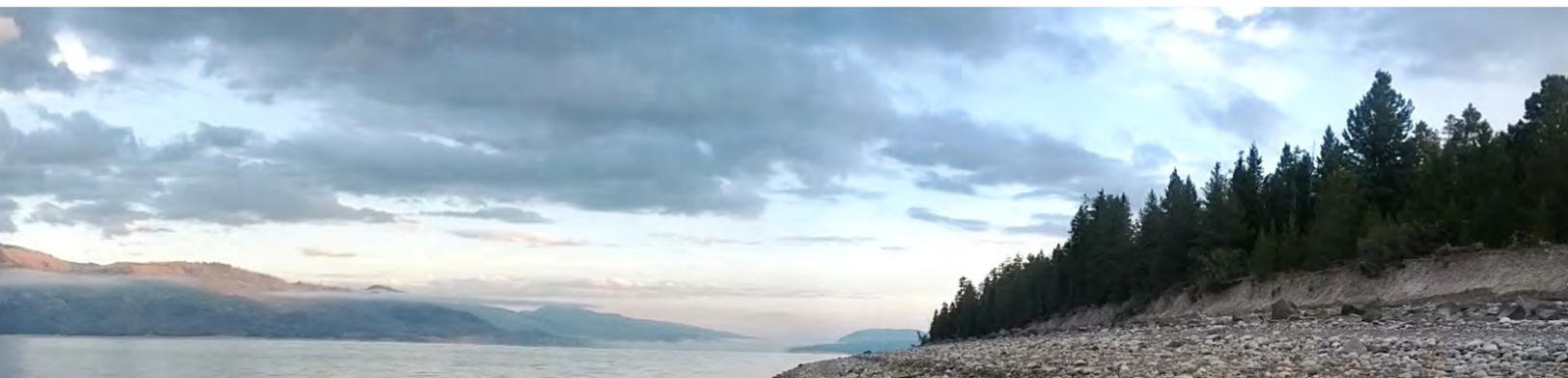
# FY2018 Utah Coop Unit Research Funding

## Total: \$1.4M



**BLM** - Bureau of Land Management  
**BoR** - Bureau of Reclamation  
**FWS** - U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service  
**NSF** - National Science Foundation

**UDWR** - Utah Division of Wildlife Resources  
**USFS** - U.S. Forest Service  
**USGS** - U.S. Geological Survey  
**CAFW** - CA Department of Fish & Wildlife



# USU Alumni Working for UDWR

Name	Job Title	USU College	Major	Degree
J.D. Abbott	Sergeant	NR	Fisheries & Aquatics	BS
Jodie Anderson	Volunteer Services Coordinator	NR	Interdisciplinary Studies	BS
Paul Vincent Badame	Assistant Chief of Aquatics	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Shawn Bagley	Conservation Officer	NR	Wildlife Management	BS
Melinda Bennion	Native Aquatic Biologist II	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Heather Hill Bernales	Biometrician	NR	Wildlife Biology	MS
David L. Beveridge	Lieutenant	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Gary John Bezzant	Habitat Program Manager	NR	Human Dimensions	MS
Garn J. Birchell	Asst Aquatics Program Manager	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	MS
Calvin M. Black	Asst Aquatics Program Manager	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Natalie Boren	Fisheries Biologist	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Rhett Boswell	Wildlife Habitat Biologist	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Quent Bradwisch	Mantua Hatchery Manager	NR	Fish & Wildlife Mngt	BS
Nic Braithwaite	Blue Ribbon Fisheries Biologist	NR	Fisheries Biology	MS
Adam Brewerton	Wildlife Conservation Biologist	NR	Ecology	MS
Matthew G. Briggs	Lieutenant, Law Enforcement	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Wyatt Bubak	Training Lieutenant, Enforcement	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Kevin Bunnell	SRO Regional Supervisor	NR	Wildlife Ecology	PhD
Michael F. Canning	Wildlife Recreation Programs	NR	Aquatic Ecology	MS
Torrey Christophersen	Law Enforcement Manager	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Bryan Christensen	Volunteer Services Coordinator	NR	Wildlife Administration	MNR
Devin Christensen	Sergeant	NR	Environmental Studies	BS
James Christensen	Assistant Wildlife Manager	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Byran Clyde	Sergeant	NR	Wildlife Science	BS
Avery Cook	Upland Game Project Leader	NR	Wildlife Ecology	MS
Gary L. Cook	Wildlife Recreation Prgm Coord	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Jason Cox	Range Trend Project Leader	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Chad Cranney	Asst. Wildlife/Wetland Manager	NR	Aquatic Ecology	MS
Darren L. Debloois	Game Mammals Coordinator	NR	Wildlife Management	MS
Travis Dees	Wildlife Biologist II	NR	Interdisciplinary Sciences	BS
Justin S. Dolling	NRO Regional Supervisor	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Cody Edwards	Native Aquatics Species Biologist	NR	Fisheries & Aquatics	BS
Eric Edgley	GIS Manager	NR	GIS/Remote Sensing	MS
Ja Eggett	Asst Hunter Education Coordinator	AGR	Landscape Architecture	BS
Robert Fitts	Biologist	AGR	Plant Science	MS
Wayne Gustavson	Fisheries Manager, Lake Powell	NR	Fisheries Biology	MS
Kevin Gunnell	Assistant Habitat Section Chief	NR	Range Science	MS
Michael Hadley	Regional Aquatics Biologist	NR	Fisheries and Wildlife	BS
Troy T. Hammond	Conservation Officer	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Makeda Trujillo Hanson	Habitat Program Manager	NR	Wildlife Science	BS
Richard Dale Hepworth	Aquatics Program Manager	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Brian Hines	Aquatic Biologist II	NR	Fisheries Biology	MS
Gary Howes	Assistant FES Hatchery Manager	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Bradley Hunt	Hardware Ranch Manager	NR	Wildlife Science	BS
Bruce C. Johnson Jr.	Lieutenant	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Jason D. Jones	Wetland Manager	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Kody Jones	Conservation Officer	NR	Wildlife Science	BS
Daniel Keller	Native Aquatics Biologist	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Kyle Kettle	Predator Management Specialist	Science	General Studies	Assoc
Kip L. King	Conservation Officer	NR	Wildlife Management	BS
Shane Kitchen	Conservation Officer	NR	Wildlife Science	BS

# USU Alumni Working for UDWR

Name	Job Title	USU College	Major	Degree
Jim Lamb	Wildlife Biologist	NR	Fisheries and Wildlife	BS
Charles Lawrence	Conservation Officer	NR	Forestry	MS
David R. Lee	CUP Project Leader	NR	Fish & Management	BS
Marnie Lee	Wildlife Recreation Prgm Coord	NR	Recreation Resource Mngt	BS
Dale F. Liechty	Wildlife Biologist	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Raymond Lee Loken	Sergeant, Law Enforcement Section	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
John Allen Lytle	Conservation Officer	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Dax L. Mangus	Upland Game Program Coordinator	NR	Wildlife Biology	MS
Roy Marchant	Wildlife Biologist	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Tory D. Mathis	Habitat Restoration Biologist	Science	Biology	BS
Randall McBride	Private Lands Biologist NRO	NR	Wildlife Biology	MS
Roger Mellenthin	Fish Culture Coordinator	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Douglas Messerly	Supervisor Law Enforcement	NR	Wildlife Management	BS
Eric Miller	Conservation Officer	NR	Wildlife Sciences	BS
Dustin Lee Mitchell	Wildlife Biologist II	NR	Wildlife Management	MS
Jonathan K. Moser	Conservation Officer	Science	Biology-Ecol/Biodiversity	BA
Benjamin K. Nadolski	Legislative Liaison, Policy Analyst	NR	Fisheries Biology	MS
Nicole Nielson	Habitat Restoration Biologist	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Russell Norvell	Avian Conservation Programs	NR	Wildlife Ecology	PhD
Casey Olsen	Landowner Assistance Biologist	NR	Wildlife Biology	BS
Daniel Olson	Wildlife Migration Coordinator	NR	Wildlife Biology	PhD
Weston P. Pearce	Strawberry Fishery Biologist	NR	Fisheries & Aquatics	BS
Tana Pickett	Wildlife Biologist	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Jason D. Robinson	Tooele District Wildlife Biologist	NR	Wildlife Biology	MS
Clint Sampson	Wildlife Biologist	NR	Wildlife Biology	BS
Craig J. Schaugaard	Assistant Chief of Aquatics	NR	Aquatic Ecology	MS
Thomas Six	Conservation Officer	NR	Wildlife & Ecol Mgmt	BS
Michael T. Slater	Regional Sportfish Project Leader	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife Mgmt	MS
Sean Spencer	Conservation Officer - Sergeant	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Blair Stringham	Migratory Game Bird Programs	NR	Wildlife Biology	MS
James Thomas	Conservation Officer	NR	Environmental Studies	BS
Brock Thornley	Conservation Officer	NR	Wildlife Science	BS
Rachael Tucett	Wildlife Recreation Specialist	NR	Wildlife Science	BS
Phil Tuttle	Conservation Outreach Manager	NR	Fisheries	MNR
Amy Vande Voort	Wildlife Biologist II	NR	Wildlife Biology	MS
Erin Vandyke	Asst Hatchery Manager, Whiterocks	NR	Fisheries & Aquatics	BS
Xaela Walden	Wildlife Biologist I	NR	Wildlife Science	MS
Guy W. Wallace	Wildlife Program Manager	NR	Wildlife Science	BS
Alan Ward	Strawberry Project Leader	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	MS
Mike Wardle	Private Lands/Public Wildlife Coordinator	NR	Natural Resources	MNR
Arlo Wing	Assistant Wetland Manager	NR	Wildlife Biology	MNR
Brian Wing	Assistant Hatchery Supervisor	NR	Wildlife Biology & Mgmt	MS
Randy H. Wood	Wildlife Program Manager	NR	Fisheries & Wildlife	BS
Jessica Wootton	Invasive Species Specialist	NR	Wildlife Management	BS



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## SUMMARY:

<b>Natural Resources</b>	<b>95%</b>
<b>Science</b>	<b>3%</b>
<b>Agriculture</b>	<b>2%</b>

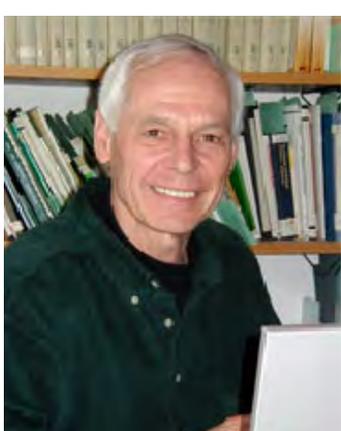
# Scientists, Staff & Graduate Students



**Phaedra Budy**  
Aquatic Research Ecologist  
Unit Leader



**Thomas Edwards**  
Landscape Research Ecologist  
Assistant Unit Leader



**John Bissonette**  
Landscape Research Ecologist  
Emeritus



**Shauna Leavitt**  
Administrative Assistant  
and Outreach Specialist



**Frank Howe**  
UDWR Research Liaison  
USU Adjunct Faculty



**Gary Thiede**  
Research Associate  
Watershed Sciences



Photo by Colton Finch



**Mary Conner**  
Reserach Associate Professor  
Wildland Resources



**Robert Fitts**  
Research Associate  
UT Natural Heritage Program



**Peter MacKinnon**  
Research Associate  
Watershed Sciences



**David Stoner**  
Research Associate  
Wildland Resources



**Tim Walsworth**  
Aquatic Ecology  
Post Doc Researcher



**Nick Barrett**  
Aquatic Ecology  
Ph.D. Candidate



**Niall Clancy**  
Aquatic Ecology  
Master's Candidate



**Emma Doden**  
Mammalian Ecology and  
Riparian Restoration  
Master's Candidate



**Brian Healy**  
Aquatic Ecology  
Ph.D. Candidate

# Graduate Students

continued



**Kent Hersey**  
Wildlife Biology  
Ph.D. Candidate



**Jack McLaren**  
Aquatic Ecology  
Ph.D. Candidate

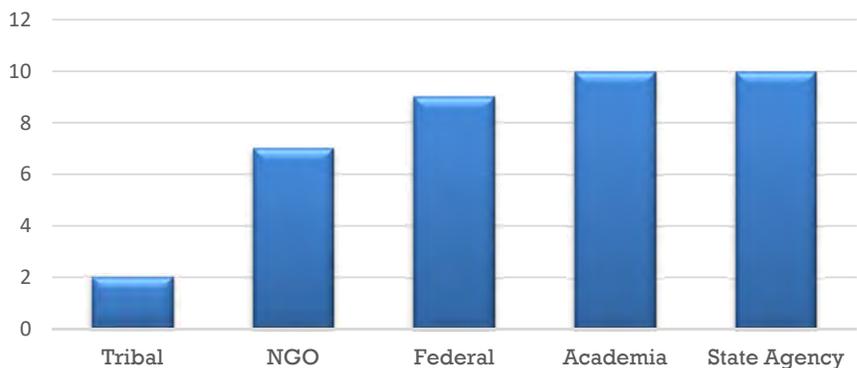


**Ben Stout**  
Aquatic Ecology  
Ph.D. Candidate



**Zach Ahrens**  
Aquatic Ecology  
Master's Candidate

## Where are they now? Graduates from the past 11 years



# Productivity

## Publications

### BISSONETTE

#### IN PRESS

Bissonette, J. A. 2019. Additional Thoughts on Rigor in Wildlife Science: Unappreciated Impediments. *Journal of Wildlife Management*. Accepted 14 March 2019.

### BUDY

#### PUBLISHED

Laub, B.G., G.P. Thiede, W.W. MacFarlane, and P. **Budy**. 2018. Evaluating the conservation Upotential of tributaries for native fish in the Upper Colorado River Basin. *Fisheries*, Feature Article 43:194-206. DOI: 10.1002/fsh.10054. *USGS IP: 081178*.

Dornelas, M and P. **Budy** (#25) and 182 others. 2018. BioTIME: a database of biodiversity time series for the Anthropocene. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*. Global 2018; 00:1–26. <https://doi.org/10.1111/geb.12729>. *USGS FSP: IP-088450 (under USGS co-author Rybicki)*.

LaPlanche, C. A. Elger, F, Santoul, G.P. Thiede, and P. **Budy**. 2018. Forecasting the eradication success of an exotic fish from an alpine stream. *Biological Conservation* 223:34-46. [doi.org/10.1016/j.biocon.2018.04.024](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biocon.2018.04.024). *USGS FSP: IP-XX*.

Heredia, N. and P. **Budy**. 2018. Trophic ecology of Lahontan Cutthroat Trout *Oncorhynchus Clarkii Henshawi*: historical predator-prey interaction supports native apex predator in unique desert lake. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society*. 147:842–854, DOI: 10.1002/tafs.1006. *USGS FSP: IP-066465*.

Klobucar, S.L., J.W. Gaeta, and P. **Budy**. 2018. A changing menu in a changing climate: using experimental and long-term data to predict invertebrate prey biomass and availability in arctic lakes. *Freshwater Biology* 2018:1-13. DOI: 10.1111/fwb.13162. *USGS FSP: IP-087907*.

Meredith, C. P. **Budy**, and J Schmidt. 2018. Investigating scour depths in relation to patterns of spawning brown

trout and the changing physical template of a mountain river. *River Research and Applications* 2018:1-11. DOI: 10.1002/rra.3321. *USGS FS: IP-01031*.

**Budy**, P., K.B. Rogers, Y. Kanno, B. Penaluna, N.H. Hitt. G.P Thiede, J. Dunham, C. Mellison, and W.L. Somer., and J. DeRitto. *In press for 2019*. Distribution and Status of Trout and Char in North America. *Invited Chapter 8* in: Diversity and Status of Trout and Char of the World. Editors: J.L. Kershner, J. E. Williams, R. E. Gresswell. American Fisheries Society. Symposium Book. *USGS FSP: IP-088494*.

Hansen, M., P. **Budy** , C. Guy, and T. McMahon. *In press for 2019*. Trout as Native and Invasive Species: a Management Paradox. *Invited Chapter 19* in: Diversity and Status of Trout and Char of the World. Editors: J.L. Kershner, J. E. Williams, R. E. Gresswell. American Fisheries Society. Symposium Book. *USGS FSP: IP-095921*.

#### IN REVIEW/REVISION

Stout, B., M. Conner, P. **Budy**, P. MacKinnon, and M. McKinstry. *In review*. Keeping it classy: Differentiating between live fish and ghost tags detected with a mobile PIT tag interrogation system using an innovative analytical approach. *April 2019. Submitted to Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences*.

Maloney, B., J, Gaeta, and P. **Budy**. *In revision*. Recruitment bottlenecks and habitat requirements for an imperiled desert fish. *Submitted to: North American Journal of Fisheries Management*, 16 March, 2018. UJFM-2018-0042.



Saunders, W.C., and P. **Budy**. *In revision*. Can high densities of native Bonneville cutthroat trout minimize negative impacts of exotic brown trout establishment through biotic resistance? *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society*. *USGS FSP: IP-049187*.

Mohn, H.E., P. **Budy**, B. Roper, and J. Walton. *In revision*. Aligning conservation goals and management objectives for one of the largest remaining populations of Bonneville Cutthroat Trout (*Oncorhynchus clarkii utah*). *North American Journal of Fish Management*.

Murphy, B., T. Walsworth, P. Belmont, M.M. Conner, and P. **Budy**. *In review*. Dynamic Habitat Disturbance and Ecological Response (DyHDER)-PVA: modeling fish population dynamics in response to landscape disturbance. *April 2019*. *Submitted to Ecological Applications*.

## EDWARDS

### PUBLISHED

Ironside, K. E., D. J. Mattson, T. Arundell, Tad Theimer, B. Holton, M. Peters, T. C. **Edwards**, Jr., and J. Hansen. 2018. Geomorphometry in landscape ecology: Issues of scale, physiography, and application. *Environment and Ecology Research* 6(5): 397-412. DOI: 10.13189/eer.2018.060501

Goeking, S. A., Izlar, D. K., and T. C. **Edwards**, Jr. 2018. A landscape-level assessment of whitebark pine regeneration in the Rocky Mountains, USA. *Forest Science* doi: 10.1093/forsci/fxy029

Stoner, D. C., J. O. Sexton, D. M. Choate, J. Nagolb, H. H. Bernales, S. A. Simsa, K. E. Ironside, K. M. Longshore, and T. C. **Edwards**, Jr. 2018. Climatically driven changes in primary production propagate through trophic levels.



Photo provided by USFWS

*Global Change Biology*. DOI: 10.1111/gcb.14364  
IN PRESS

Sofaer, Helen R., C. S. Jarnevich, I. S. Pearse, R. Lyons Smyth, S. Auer, G. L. Cook, T. C. **Edwards**, Jr., G. F. Guala, T. G. Howard, J. T. Morissette, and H. Hamilton. *In press*. The development and delivery of species distribution models to inform decision-making. *BioScience*.

## Presentations

### BUDY

Stout, J.B., P. **Budy**, M. Conner, P. MacKinnon, and M. McKinstry. 2018. Can we improve upon vital rate estimation and reduce handling stress of endangered fishes using passive floating PIT tag detectors and post hoc statistical classification of live versus dead tags? 43<sup>rd</sup> Annual Meeting of the Western Division of the American Fisheries Society. Anchorage, AK. May 23, 2018.

Stout, J.B., P. **Budy**, M. Conner, P. MacKinnon, and M. McKinstry. 2018. You can do it! Determining fish status from mobile PIT antenna detections. Annual Meeting of Utah American Fisheries Society. Ogden, UT. March 14, 2018.

Nichols, K., P. **Budy**, W. Carl Saunders, G.P. Thiede. 2018. Evaluating diet overlap between cutthroat trout and brown trout in instream, experimental enclosures under differing densities: can native trout resist the impacts of nonnative trout when they occur at higher densities? Poster presentation: Annual Meeting of the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, Ogden, Utah, 13 – 15 March 2018.

West, R. G.P. Thiede, and P. **Budy**. 2018. Spatial variation of sculpin (*Cottus* spp.) diets along the longitudinal gradient in the Logan River, Utah. Poster presentation: Annual Meeting of the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, Ogden, Utah, 13 – 15 March 2018.

Hafen, T. N. Barrett, P. **Budy**, and G.P. Thiede. 2018. Ecological effects of lake characteristics and arctic char presence on cohabiting native fish assemblages, demographics, and trophic niche. Oral presentation: Annual Meeting of the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, Ogden, Utah, 13 – 15 March 2018.

Arnold, T. C. Penne, P. **Budy**, and G.P. Thiede. 2018. Determining age and size of fecund walleye (*Sander vitreus*) in Willard Bay, Utah using non-lethal dorsal spine. *Analysis*.

Oral presentation: Annual Meeting of the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, Ogden, Utah, 13 – 15 March 2018.

Barrett, N. and P. **Budy**. 2018. Warming up the waters in arctic lakes: Implications from individuals to ecosystems. Oral presentation. Annual Meeting of the Western Division of the American Fisheries Society, May 22-25, 2018, Anchorage, AK, USA.

**Budy**, P., A. Giblin, G. Kling, D. White, and C. Luecke. 2018. Understanding the indirect effects of climate change on pristine arctic lakes and char; delayed, multi-trophic level response to a long-term, low-level fertilization experiment. Oral presentation. Annual Meeting of the Western Division of the American Fisheries Society, May 22-25, 2018, Anchorage, AK, USA.

Barrett, N., and **Budy**, P. 2019. A warmer north: How will climatic warming affect the biota & physical regime of arctic lakes? *Invited Department Seminar*: Weber State University, Ogden, Utah, 13 February 2019.

Ahrens, Z., P. **Budy**, G. Thiede and D. Weedop. 2019. Unintended fragmentation: fish community impacts and conservation implications of the Piute Farms Waterfall, San Juan River, UT. Oral presentation: Annual Meeting of the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, Provo, Utah, 12 – 14 March 2018.

West, R. N. Barrett, G.P. Thiede, and P. **Budy**. 2019. Feeding ecology and diet overlap of coexisting lake trout and arctic grayling in two open and connected arctic lakes. Poster presentation: Annual Meeting of the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, Provo, Utah, 12 – 14 March 2018.

Kilmer J., N. Barrett, G.P. Thiede, and P. **Budy**. 2019. Estimating the abundance of slimy sculpin in an arctic lake using catch data and mark-recapture methods. Poster presentation: Annual Meeting of the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, Provo, Utah, 12 – 14 March 2018.

Walsworth, T.E., **Budy**, P., Wheaton, J., Macfarlane, W.W., Shahverdian, S., Thiede, G.P., Keller, D., Goodell, J., and Jimenez, J. 2019. Harnessing process-based restoration to improve in-stream and riparian habitat in the Price River, Utah. Oral presentation: Utah Chapter American Fisheries Society Annual Meeting, Provo, Utah, March 12-14, 2019.

Stout, J.B., Conner, M.M., Yackulic, C., **Budy**, P., Mackinnon, P., and M. McKinstry. 2019. Gone, but not forgotten: Bias and error, the legacy of ghost tags in aquatic systems.



Oral presentation: Annual Meeting of the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, Provo, Utah, 12-14 March 2018.

Barrett, N., **Budy**, P. 2019. A slimy situation: Effects of temperature and food availability on slimy sculpin (*Cottus cognatus*). Oral presentation: Annual Meeting of the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society, Provo, Utah, 12-14 March 2019.

## **EDWARDS**

**Edwards**, T.C., Jr. Assessing decision risk in species range maps and distribution models for use in conservation and management. Invited paper (workshop), Association of Fish & Wildlife Agencies 108th Annual Meeting, Tampa, FL, 9 September 2018.

Stoner, D., and T.C. **Edwards**. Predation-forage trade-offs in anthropogenic landscapes: behavioral response of an obligate carnivore to human activities. Invited paper, 4th North American Congress for Conservation Biology, Toronto, ON, Canada, 25 July 2018.

**Edwards**, T.C., Jr., and R.D. Fitts. Rare plant community composition and distribution modelling: assessing landscape-scale risk from non-renewable energy development. Presented paper, US-IALE 2018 Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL, April 11, 2018.

D. Stoner, D., D. Dahlgren, J. Sexton, M. Kohl, R. Larson, N. Frey, T. **Edwards**, and T. Messmer. Using satellite-derived estimates of plant phenology to map sage grouse nesting dates across a climatological gradient. Utah Chapter of The Wildlife Society. Vernal, UT, March 22, 2018.

**Edwards**, T.C., Jr. Using plant community composition as a means of assessing biodiversity risk to climate change. Presented paper, Inter'l Biogeographical Society Mtg, Climate Change Biogeography, Evora, Portugal, March, 2018.

## Popular Media

### LEAVITT (COOP EXTENSION AND OUTREACH)

#### RADIO:

April 2, 2019. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Yellowstone Elk’s response to Wolves.” <https://wildaboututah.org/yellowstone-elks-response-to-wolves/>

April 20, 2019. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Invasive Phragmites.” (Rebroadcast March 2019, Originally aired April 2018). <https://www.upr.org/post/invasive-phragmites-wild-about-utah>

February 2019. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Finding Wolves in Yellowstone.”

January 4, 2019. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Winter Bird Feeding.” <https://www.upr.org/post/winter-bird-feeding-wild-about-utah-0>

December 7, 2018. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Enjoying Utah’s Backcountry with Snowmobile.” <https://www.upr.org/post/enjoying-utah-s-backcountry-snowmobiles-wild-about-utah>

November 9, 2018. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Western Forest Grouse.” <https://www.upr.org/post/western-forest-grouse-wild-about-utah>

October 1, 2018. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Aspen Seedlings on the Brian Head Fire Footprint.” <https://wildaboututah.org/aspens-seedlings-on-the-brian-head-fire-footprint/>

September 7, 2018. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Proposed Beaver Holding Facility in Millville, Utah.” <https://www.upr.org/post/proposed-beaver-holding-facility-millville-utah-wild-about-utah>

August 9, 2018. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Piute Farms Waterfall on the Lower San Juan River – A Tributary of Lake Powell.” <https://www.upr.org/post/piute-farms-waterfall-lower-san-juan-tributary-lake-powell-wild-about-utah>

July 6, 2018. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Decreasing Habitat Risks of Utah’s Southern Sage-Grouse.” <https://www.upr.org/post/decreasing-habitat-risks-utah-s-southern-sage-grouse-wild-about-utah>

June 8, 2018. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Monitoring Utah Moose and Their Calves.” <https://www.upr.org/post/monitoring-utah-moose-and-their-calves-wild-about-utah>

April 20, 2018. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Invasive Phragmites.” <https://www.upr.org/post/invasive-phragmites-wild-about-utah>

March 12, 2018. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “Bonneville Cutthroat Trout in the Right-hand Fork.” <https://wildaboututah.org/recovery-of-native-bonneville-cutthroat-trout-in-right-hand-fork/>

January 26, 2018. Utah Public Radio. *Wild About Utah*, “South Canyon Sage-Grouse.” <https://www.upr.org/post/south-canyon-sage-grouse-wild-about-utah>

#### INTERNET

March 2019. Coop Catch-up Newsletter, Issue 78, U.S. Geological Survey Coop Fish & Wildlife Research Unit Program. (Editor)

[October 2018. Coop Catch-up](#) Newsletter, Issue 77, U.S. Geological Survey Coop Fish & Wildlife Research Units Program (Editor)

[May 2018. Coop Catch-up](#) Newsletter, Issue 76, U.S. Geological Survey Coop Fish & Wildlife Research Unit Program. (Editor)

[January 2018. Coop Catch-up](#) Newsletter, Issue 75, U.S. Geological Survey Coop Fish & Wildlife Research Unit Program. (Editor)

#### PRINT:

Recovery of Native Bonneville Cutthroat Trout - *Wildlife Management Institute’s Outdoor News Bulletin* (March 2018) <https://wildaboututah.org/recovery-of-native-bonneville-cutthroat-trout-in-right-hand-fork/>

[Wild About Utah Highlights](#) - QCNR Fall 2017 Newsletter



## Research Grants (Active)

### **BUDY**

2018 -2020. Understanding the dynamics of beaver reintroduction. Principal Investigators: Phaedra Budy, Julie Young. Bureau of Land Management. Total Award to date \$45,000.

2018 – 2020. Watershed restoration initiative lower price river and intream habitat. Principal Investigator: Phaedra Budy. Utah Divisions of Wildlife Resources. Total Award: \$132,080.

2019 -2024. Adaptive management and monitoring of Pyramid lake, Nevada. Principal Investigator: Phaedra Budy. US Fish & Wildlife Services. Total Award: \$55,000 per year.

2019-2021. Logan River Brown Trout Expansion. Principal Investigator: Phaedra Budy. Utah Division of Wildlife Resources. In kind. Master's of Natural Resources (Clint Brunson).

2018-2020. Hydrological & ecol assessment of Henry's Fork River. Principal Investigators: Soren Brothers, Phaedra Budy, and Sarah Null. Henry's Fork Foundation. Total Award: \$75,000/year.

2018-2023. Towards a more advanced analytical understanding of the relationship between hydrology and endangered Rio Grande Silvery Minnow persistence and recovery. & 2) Evaluation of Rio Grande Silvery Minnow life history, movement dynamics, and habitat use in the Middle Rio Grande. Principal Investigator: Phaedra Budy. Bureau of Reclamation (DOI). Total Award: \$200,000/year.

2016- 2021. Collaborative research: an exploration of the direct and indirect effects of climatic warming on arctic lake ecosystems. Principal Investigators: Budy, P., A. Giblin, B. Crump, S. Null, J. Jin. National Science Foundation: Office of Polar Programs. Total Award: \$999,335.

2015- 2018. Assessing the state of river science, water resources management, and water resources planning tools for the Rio Grande / Rio Bravo. Principal Investigators: P. Budy and J. Schmidt. U.S. Geological Survey, Total Award \$131,725.

2017-2021. Arctic LTER: Climate change and changing disturbance regimes in arctic landscapes: LAKES.



Photo by Zach Ahrens

Principal Investigator: P. Budy. National Science Foundation (NSF), UDWR, Total Award \$192,000.

2015- present. Adaptive management with and installation and development of methods and analyses for PIT-tag technology and data. Principal Investigators: Phaedra Budy and Mary Conner. Bureau of Reclamation (DOI). Total Award \$2,352,222.

2017-present. Adaptive and experimental desert river restoration. Principal Investigators: Phaedra Budy and Joe Wheaton. Bureau of Land Management & UDWR Watershed Restoration Initiative. Total Combined Award: \$350,000.

2011-2018. Evaluating cutthroat trout performance and identifying limiting factors for the native fish community of Pyramid Lake and development of an Adaptive Fishery management Plan. Principal Investigator: Phaedra Budy. U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, Great Basin Cooperative Ecosystem Unit (CESU II). Total Award \$394,769.

2016-present. Understanding the role of increasing water quality and groundwater inputs on ecosystem structure, function, and health in Big Bend National Park and Rio Grande Wild and Scenic River. Principal Investigators: Phaedra Budy, J. Brahney, Utah State University. Total Award *to date*: \$56,202.

2002-present. Limiting factors affecting trout population dynamics, abundance, and distribution in the Logan River, Utah: population dynamics, disease, and synergistic effects. Principal Investigator: Phaedra Budy. Utah Division of Wildlife Resources, UDWR, Total Award to date: \$734,454.

## **EDWARDS**

2017-2020 Developing distribution models for select wildlife species in Utah. Principal Investigator: Thomas C. Edwards Jr. Utah Division of Wildlife Resources, \$39,500; U.S. Forest Service, Total Award: \$17,500.

2016-2021 Habitat modelling of rare plant species in the Intermountain West. Principal Investigator: Thomas C. Edwards Jr. Bureau of Land Management, Total Award: \$98,300

2016-2019 Unifying mathematical and statistical approaches for modeling animal movement and resource selection. Co-Principal Investigator: Thomas C. Edwards Jr. National Science Foundation, Total Award: \$180,000

## **Graduate Students Directed**

### **BUDY**

#### **COMPLETED**

Klobucar, Stephen. 2018. The abiotic and biotic controls of arctic lake food webs: A multifaceted approach to quantifying trophic structure and function. PhD Dissertation. Ecology. Utah State University.

Blythe, Demi. 2018. Assessing the ecological implications of the altered flow and sediment regimes of the Rio Grande along the West Texas-Mexico border. MS Thesis. Ecology. Utah State University.

Newlon, Courtney. 2018. Identifying cues for movement and temporally-dynamic limiting factors in the bull trout movement corridor. MS Thesis. Ecology. Utah State University.

#### **IN PROGRESS**

Barett, Nick. *In progress*. From individuals to ecosystems: Evaluating the effects of warming on arctic lakes. PhD Dissertation. Ecology. Utah State University. *Slated date of completion: 2021*.

Clancy, Naill. *In progress*. Stream food web response to benthic algae blooms in the kootenai river basin. MS Thesis. *Slated date of completion: Fall 2019*. Co-Advised with Dr. J. Brahney.



Stout, Benjamin. *In progress*. Improving our ability to estimate vital rates of endangered fishes on the San Juan River using novel applications of PIT tag technology. MS Thesis. Ecology. Utah State University. *Transferring to a PhD in 2019, adding MRG RGSM movement ecology component*.

Ahrens, Zachery. *In progress*. Ecological effects and fishery conservation implications of a quasi-natural fish barrier on the Lower San Juan River, Utah. MS Thesis. *Slated date of completion: Fall 2020*.

Healy, Brian. *In progress*. Efficacy of conservation strategies for imperiled desert fishes of the Colorado River basin. PhD Dissertation. Ecology. Utah State University. *Slated date of completion: 2022*.

McLaren, Jack. *In progress*. Managing development: evaluating the effect of nutrient enrichment on the Henry's Fork River, Idaho. PhD Dissertation. Ecology. Utah State University. *Slated date of completion: 2022*. Co-Advised with Dr. S. Brothers.

### **GRADUATE COMMITTEE ADVISEMENT (OTHERS) – CURRENT**

Balcom, Thomas. MS Watershed Sciences, 2016-present  
Lyster, Samuel. MS Watershed Sciences, 2015-present  
Keaton, Jenna. MS Watershed Sciences, 2016-present  
Wolf, Marshall. PhD Watershed Sciences, 2018-present  
Morrisett, Christina. PhD Watershed Sciences  
2018-present  
Eddings, James, M.S. Watershed Sciences, 2015-present

## MNR GRADUATE COMMITTEE ADVISEMENT – CURRENT

Edwards, Cody. UDWR, Fisheries  
Black, Calvin. UDWR, Fisheries  
Brunson, Clint. UDWR, Fisheries (\*Major Advisor)  
Elsen, Seth. Hood Canal Salmon Enhancement Group  
Fiorelli, Michael. UDWR, Fisheries

### **EDWARDS**

### IN PROGRESS

Kent Hersey. *In progress*. Adaptive modelling of seasonal mule deer movement patterns (tentative topic). Ph.D. Dissertation. Wildlife Biology. Utah State University. *Slated date of completion*: Fall 2021

Ian McGahan. *In progress*. Using point-pattern processes to model animal movement across landscapes of varying resistance. Ph.D. Dissertation. Utah State University. *Slated date of completion*: 2020

One new MS student is being sought for new DWR/FS-funded work on species distribution modelling.

## MNR GRADUATE COMMITTEE ADVISEMENT – CURRENT

Coy, Kari. Bio-West, Modelling spread of phragmites using remote sensing techniques.  
Washkovia, Lindsey. Nature Conservancy, Rare plant distribution

## Post Doctoral Fellows and Research Associates Directed

### **BUDY**

Tim Walworth. 2018–present. Co-advised with Dr. J. Gaeta. Budy portion: Towards a more advanced analytical understanding of the relationship between hydrology and endangered Rio Grande Silvery minnow persistence and recovery & adaptive and experimental restoration of desert tributaries of the Green River.

### **EDWARDS**

Robert Fitts, 1st IALE 2012-2019; 2nd IALE 2018-2020. Rare plants monitoring, State of Utah

## Undergraduate Research Projects Advised

### **BUDY**

Hafen, T. 2018. Ecological effects of lake characteristics and arctic char presence on cohabiting native fish assemblage structure and fish size, diet, and growth. Oral presentation at the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society meeting, March 2018. Ogden, UT.

Arnold, T. 2018. Using non-lethal fin ray analysis to determine growth rates of spawning and non-spawning walleye (*Sander vitreus*) in Willard Bay Utah. Oral presentation at the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society meeting, March 2018. Ogden, UT.

Shamo, T. 2018. Examining relationships between barometric pressure and lunar cycle on angler catch rates in the Logan River, Utah. Oral presentation at the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society meeting, March 2018. Ogden, UT.

West, R. 2018. Potential drivers of diet and spatial variation of sculpin in the Logan River, Utah. Poster presentation at the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society meeting, March 2018. Ogden, UT.

Nichols, K. 2018. Evaluating diet overlap between cutthroat trout and brown trout held in experimental enclosures under differing densities: can native trout at higher densities resist nonnative trout impacts. Poster presentation at the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society meeting, March 2018. Ogden, UT.





## Professional & Academic Service

### **BISSONETTE**

#### PROFESSIONAL SERVICE: REVIEWS

Book Chapters: John Hopkins University Press

Protocol Systematic:

Dror Denneboom and Assaf Shwartz: The effects of structural and spatial attributes of wildlife crossings on their use by wildlife populations: A systematic review and meta-analysis protocol. Technion (Israel), faculty of Architecture and Town Planning, Human & Biodiversity Research Group

Manuscripts: PloS One, Biological Conservation, Movement Ecology, Human Dimensions of Wildlife, Journal of Wildlife Management (2)

PhD Dissertation: Lilian Maria de Souza Almeida. Understanding industry's expectations of engineering communication skills. Department of Engineering, USU which may aid in the management of Utah's Natural Resources.

### **BUDY**

#### PROFESSIONAL SERVICE

*Editor, 2017 – present, Ecology of Freshwater Fish.*

National Science Foundation, Research Experience for Undergraduates (REU). 2014-2019. Associated with an NSF project, Actic LTER.

USU, Quinney College of Natural Resources

representative. Chemical Hygiene Committee. 2017-present.

USU, Honors Application Review Committee, 2015, 2018, 2019.

### **EDWARDS**

#### PROFESSIONAL SERVICE

Nation-wide program in application of species distribution models to management and conservation. In CY201 Tom Edwards implemented a national program in the application of species distribution models (SDM) to conservation and management issues of pressing concern.

General-Secretary

International Association for Landscape Ecology

Councilor at Large

US Regional Association of the International Association for Landscape Ecology



## Education, Workshops & Training

### **BUDY**

WATS 4950, Spring 2019 (NEW\*). Research Communication. In this 'class', students will learn how to: 1) develop a research project, 2) write a defensible proposal, 3) draft an abstract for a professional presentation, 4) apply for (and most receive) funding to attend a professional meeting, 5) analyze their data, 6) graph their data, 7) complete a professional poster or oral presentation, and 8) present their presentation at a professional meeting.

Graduate Fish Ecology (WS 6230/7230). Utah State University, Department of Watershed Sciences. 2002, 2004, and 2006, 2017, 2019.

## ***EDWARDS***

baseR, Utah State University, WILD 4580 / 6580 Spring / Fall 2018

baseR, US Fish and Wildlife Service, National Conservation Training Center, Fall 2018

This course provides instruction on the underpinnings of the R computing and statistical environment, as well as how to manage and manipulate data in the R environment. Starting Fall 2018 the course was ported to NCTC and is now available under DOI Talent.

## **Unit Sponsorship & Hosting**

**UTAFS Sponsorship:** The Utah Cooperative Fish & Wildlife Unit provided a \$500 sponsorship to the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society (UTAFS) to help Utah Chapter host successful Annual Meeting. This contribution all helped the Chapter sustain growth and financial viability into the future.

**Watershed Sciences Seminar:** The Utah Cooperative Fish & Wildlife Unit hosted the Watershed Sciences Department Seminar “Life history diversity and behavioral flexibility as strategies to promote population resiliency,” Dr. Annika Walters from the Wyoming Cooperative Fish & Wildlife Research Unit was the guest speaker. February 13, 2019.

**UDWR-USU Science Seminar Series:** The Utah Cooperative Fish & Wildlife Unit hosts an annual seminar series (held monthly during the Fall and Springs semesters). These seminars share ideas with UDWR about regional research.



Photo by Shauna Leavitt



# Aquatic Research Projects



## Understanding how arctic lakes will respond to a warming climate

The goal of this project is to better understand how increased temperatures will affect arctic lakes. I plan to evaluate these effects across multiple scales of biological organization, from individuals to ecosystems. At the individual scale, I am conducting experiments interested in assessing the independent and interactive effects of food availability and temperature on the performance of an important mid-level consumer in arctic lakes, slimy sculpin (*Cottus Cognatus*). To complement and expand on the results of these experiments, I am also performing bioenergetics simulations to predict the effects of changing temperatures and resource availability on arctic fishes. At the ecosystem scale, I am investigating how warming may affect lake metabolism through changes in the rates and balance of gross primary production and ecosystem respiration. Future work will aim at developing community-level bioenergetics simulations and ecosystem models to further assess the impacts of warming on arctic lake food webs. Ultimately, this research provide us with valuable knowledge and predictive power that will allow for effective management and conservation of freshwater resources within the Arctic under a changing climate.

### FUNDING

National Science Foundation  
Utah State University Department of Watershed Sciences  
Utah State University Ecology Center  
U.S. Geological Survey UCFWRU (in-kind)

### INVESTIGATORS

Nick Barrett, Ph.D. Candidate

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Phaedra Budy, USGS, UTCFWRU, USU-Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center

### PROJECT PERIOD

2017 - 2021

### FIGURE CAPTION

Graduate student Nick Barrett holding an arctic char (*Salvelinus alpinus*) caught in a study lake during an ice-fishing sampling period on the North Slope of the Brooks Range, AK



## Improving our ability to estimate vital rates of endangered fishes on the San Juan River using novel applications of PIT tag technology

Accurate estimates of vital rates are essential for tracking and understanding the successful recovery of endangered species such as the razorback sucker and the Colorado pikeminnow. Mobile Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) tag antenna systems (e.g., on a floating raft) have recently been developed to increase resight rates; however, mobile systems present new challenges. Tags, not fish, are detected thus increasing the chance that shed tags or dead fish with tags are being detected. Thus, classification of tags as live or dead is essential. Our goal for this study was to examine the bias in survival rate estimation when classification is not possible and test a false positive model's ability to deal with non-classified PIT tag detections. We used simulation data to examine the differences between a biased CJS mark-recapture model (using unclassified tags) and a false positive model (accounted for possibility of detecting dead tags). Despite a very low coefficient of variation, the relative bias of the biased CJS model was extremely high. The false positive model had low relative bias, but higher coefficients of variation. With this method, we can incorporate all sources of data to improve vital rate estimation, which could help identify influential management actions, and potentially improve our ability to conserve and recover endangered and threatened fish.

### FUNDING

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation  
U.S. Geological Survey UCFWRU (in-kind)

### INVESTIGATOR

Ben Stout, M.S. Candidate

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Phaedra Budy, USGS, UTCFWRU, USU Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center  
Mary Conner, USU, Wildland Resources, Ecology Center

### PROJECT PERIOD

2015 - 2019

### FIGURE CAPTION

Ben Stout setting up raft based mobile PIT tag detection system on the San Juan River, UT.



## Efficacy of conservation strategies for imperiled desert fishes of the Colorado River basin across multiple scales

Novel habitats of the Colorado River in the post-dam era favor invasive fishes that evolved in stable and predictable environments, leading to imperilment of many native fishes. Endangered fish recovery actions have been underway, yet responses have been equivocal; environmental variability has sometimes confounded the interpretation of outcomes. Assessments of responses in demographic rates, while accounting for environmental variation, can improve understanding of native fish ecology, while informing managers of the efficacy of conservation actions. Objectives of our research include 1) quantifying the effects of invasive fish suppression and environmental variability on the demographic rates of native and invasive fishes; 2) understanding factors contributing to the establishment of self-sustaining humpback chub (*Gila cypha*) populations; 3) developing a population model for invasive brown trout (*Salmo trutta*) to evaluate management scenarios meant to minimize effects of predation and competition and augment native fish populations; and 4) investigating range-wide survival of razorback sucker (*Xyrauchen texanus*). By understanding drivers of vital rates of imperiled native fishes, from individual tributary to basin-wide scales, we will provide valuable insights into population ecology, and assist fisheries managers in designing effective conservation strategies.

### FUNDING

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation; U.S. National Park Service, Grand Canyon National Park; USU's Center for Colorado River Studies, Dept of Watershed Sciences; Grand Canyon Conservancy; U. S. Geological Survey UCFWRU (in kind); NPS's Albright-Wirth Grant Program.

### INVESTIGATORS

Brian Healy, Ph.D. candidate

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Phaedra Budy, USGS UTCFWRU, USU Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center

### PROJECT PERIOD

2018 - 2021

### FIGURE CAPTION

Ph.D. student Brian Healy holding an invasive brown trout removed from Bright Angel Creek, a tributary to the Colorado River in Grand Canyon.



## Adaptive management plan for Lahontan cutthroat trout in Pyramid Lake, Nevada

Pyramid Lake, Nevada is one of the last remaining strongholds for lacustrine Lahontan cutthroat trout (LCT); almost all other large lake populations have undergone population declines or extirpation as a result of habitat degradation, over-harvest, and water diversions, all compounded by the stocking of non-native species. In 2015, we completed a comprehensive research project driven by critical uncertainties surrounding the performance of the fishery and stocked LCT across space and time, the role of exotic Sacramento perch the potential for native forage fish recovery, and the link between fish performance and lake productivity and carrying capacity. The main goals for the management of Pyramid Lake are to maintain a healthy fishery of LCT, manage for a wild population of LCT, ultimately to meet conservation goals, and lastly, to detect any significant changes in the ecosystem. Managers sought recommendations and guidance on: level of creel, mark-recapture effectiveness, tagging rate, and annual sampling by collaborators (Utah State University, Pyramid Lake Fisheries (the Tribe), and the US Fish and Wildlife Service). We provided recommendations meant to be adaptive, such that they should be modified if monitoring data indicates a state change.

### FUNDING

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Lahontan National Fish Hatchery Complex  
U.S. Geological Survey, UCFWRU (in kind)

### INVESTIGATORS

Gary Thiede, Research Associate  
Nick Heredia, Ph.D. Candidate  
Bryan Maloney, Master's completed  
Brian Laub, Researcher

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Phaedra Budy, USGS, UCFWRU, USU Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center  
Jereme Gaeta, USU Watershed Sciences

### PROJECT PERIOD

2012 - present

### FIGURE CAPTION

Gary Thiede collecting larval tui chub with a larval-fish tow net in Pyramid Lake, Nevada



## Stream food web response to the benthic algae *didymosphenia geminata* in an inland temperate rainforest

The response of species to environmental change is studied for its import to both conservation science and ecological theory. In the Kootenai River basin of Montana, nuisance blooms of *Didymosphenia geminata* (Didymo) alter the benthic habitat of stream-dwelling macroinvertebrates leading to concerns about food availability to vulnerable Redband Trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss gairdneri*) populations. The goal of this study was to determine if Didymo blooms influence the production of secondary consumers and examine underlying trophic mechanisms. Two study streams with similar physical habitats were selected, one with Didymo blooms and one without. Trout were captured bi-monthly, weighed, measured, and lavaged for diet contents. We constructed energy-flow food webs using mark-recapture population estimates, measured trout growth, and diet samples in both streams. During the summer of 2018, Redband Trout production was more than three times higher in the stream with Didymo compared to the reference. Food web analysis revealed that this stark contrast is likely attributable to differing sources and magnitudes of macroinvertebrate energy flow to trout.

### FUNDING

Utah State University, Dept. of Watershed Sciences & Ecology Center  
British Columbia Ministry of the Environment, BC Parks  
U.S. Geological Survey UCFWRU (in-kind)  
Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks (in-kind)

### INVESTIGATORS

Niall Clancy, M.S. Candidate

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Phaedra Budy, USGS UCFWRU, USU Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center  
Janice Brahney, USU Watershed Sciences

### PROJECT PERIOD

2018- 2019

### FIGURE CAPTION

Graduate student Niall Clancy and technician Jon McFarland electroshocking a Montana stream.



## Comparing Comparing resident and translocated beaver ecology at stream restoration sites

Translocation of nuisance American beavers (*Castor canadensis*) serves as both a method to mitigate human-wildlife conflict and a riparian restoration technique. Beavers are a keystone species and ecosystem engineer; they are especially important to arid western ecosystems. However, success of beaver translocation is variable and lacks documented outcomes. The goal of this study is to determine if translocated beavers serve as ecological equivalents to naturally occurring beavers, to improve strategies for beaver-assisted stream restoration. I will compare the vital rates, space use, and behavior of resident and translocated beavers. Nuisance beavers will be translocated to the San Rafael and Price Rivers in Eastern Utah this summer as part of a larger project aimed at stream and imperiled fish restoration. All captured beavers (nuisance and resident) will be PIT-tagged and a subset will be fitted with GPS or VHF tail-mounted transmitters and monitored post-release. Understanding the potential differences in ecology could affect the success of a restoration project. This project will fill knowledge gaps in research assessing the efficacy of beaver-assisted restoration and help to understand the complexities of wildlife translocation.

### FUNDING

U.S. Bureau of Land Management  
Utah Division of Wildlife Resources  
USDA-National Wildlife Research Center (NWRC)  
U.S. Geological Survey UCFWRU (in-kind)  
U.S. Bureau of Reclamation  
The Wildlife Society – Utah State Chapter

### INVESTIGATORS

Emma Doden, M.S. Candidate

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Julie Young, USDA-NWRC, USU Wildland Resources, Ecology Center  
Phaedra Budy, USGS UCFWRU, USU Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center

### PROJECT PERIOD

2019 - 2021

### FIGURE CAPTION

Graduate student Emma helping a restoration project in Idaho build a beaver dam analog at a potential beaver translocation release site.



## Assessing the impact of nutrient enrichment in the Henry's fork headwaters

Western U.S. rivers are experiencing changes in nutrient flux from urban development and changes to migratory fish populations, which could influence productivity of ecologically, economically, and culturally important trout populations. The Henry's Fork of the Snake River in east Idaho is experiencing rapid development, requiring new avenues of wastewater disposal and changes in the management of stocked migratory salmon, which may result in changing nutrient flux. We seek to understand how the ecology of the Henry's Fork will respond to anthropogenically-driven nutrient flux change, including 1) understanding the effect of nutrients on primary productivity and whole-stream metabolism 2) linking changes in primary productivity to changes in stream ecosystem structure and food webs, focusing on trout growth and habitat, and 3) developing a nutrient budget for the Henry's Fork under various climate and development scenarios. Our results will assist local resource managers in mitigating human development for the benefit of the Henry's Fork ecosystem and the trout that call it home, and will advance the field of stream and fish ecology by examining how nutrients can affect stream ecosystems.

### FUNDING

Henry's Fork Foundation [www.henrysfork.org](http://www.henrysfork.org)  
U.S. Geological Survey UCFWRU (in-kind)  
Idaho Department of Fish and Game (in-kind)  
Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (in-kind)

### INVESTIGATORS

John S. McLaren, Ph.D. candidate

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Phaedra Budy, USGS UCFWRU, USU Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center  
Soren Brothers, USU Watershed Sciences

### PROJECT PERIOD

2018 - 2022

### FIGURE CAPTION

The Henry's Fork Headwaters 50 yards downstream of Big Springs near Island Park, Idaho, looking downstream.



## Remarkably rapid recovery of native cutthroat trout following removal of dominant non-native brown trout: evidence of resilience and conservation potential

While the importance of reducing the impacts of non-native species is increasingly recognized in conservation, the plausibility of such actions is highly dependent upon the stage of invasion and the size of the ecosystem being restored. Here, we present the results of a multi-year, invasive brown trout removal and native cutthroat trout recovery in a small tributary in the Intermountain West, USA. In the tributary, we monitored trout populations for 9 years prior to the onset of eradication efforts, which included two years of mechanical removal followed by two years of rotenone treatment. Cutthroat trout populations were then seeded with low numbers of both eggs and juvenile trout. We estimated population growth rates and carrying capacities for both populations from long-term depletion estimate data, assuming logistic growth. Following brown trout eradication with subsequent chemical treatments and initial seeding efforts, cutthroat trout populations have demonstrated exponential growth. Within five years of stocking, cutthroat trout populations have approached the estimated carrying capacity previously demonstrated by brown trout. Population projections suggest that cutthroat trout are between 70 and 80% of their estimated carrying capacity and are likely to be at 90% of their carrying capacity in approximately 10 years. These results demonstrate native trout species have substantial resilience and can rapidly recover following the removal of invasive species in otherwise minimally altered habitats.

### FUNDING

U.S. Forest Service; Utah Division of Wildlife Resources Trout Unlimited; U.S. Geological Survey, UCFWRU (in kind)

### INVESTIGATORS

Timothy Walsworth, Post-doctoral Research Associate  
Gary Thiede, Research Associate  
W. Carl Saunders, Adjunct Assistant Professor

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Phaedra Budy, USGS, UCFWRU, USU Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center

### PROJECT PERIOD

2001 - present

### FIGURE CAPTION

Native Bonneville cutthroat trout in a restored tributary stream, Right Hand Fork of the Logan River, Utah



## Harnessing process-based restoration to improve in-stream and riparian habitat in the Price River, Utah

Many restoration projects rely on engineering solutions to the local symptoms of larger scale drivers of degradation, ignoring the underlying natural processes which create and maintain the habitats they seek to restore. Additionally, pre-and especially post-restoration monitoring efforts are frequently insufficient to determine whether and across what time-frames restoration actions were successful. The effectiveness of treating the symptoms of degradation is particularly dubious in desert river systems, which are extremely dynamic naturally and have experienced dramatic alterations to their hydrological regime. We have recently begun implementation of a process-based restoration project in the Price River, UT, which has experienced extensive habitat and hydrologic degradation in the past century, yet still supports remnant populations of several native fish species of conservation concern. Our project aims to (1) maintain and restore stream longitudinal connectivity, (2) provide sufficient habitat to ensure persistence of native fish and vegetation, (3) recover and sustain natural habitat forming processes, (4) provide sufficient flow to prevent dewatering and recover natural channel movement, and (5) conduct sufficient monitoring of restoration impacts to quantitatively assess restoration effectiveness. Ultimately, we aim to scale up these restoration efforts to provide not only real, lasting benefits to the native in-stream and riparian biota, but also to provide useful information for restoration practitioners working in other systems, information which will only be available with appropriate monitoring and treatment comparisons.

### FUNDING

U.S. Bureau of Land Management; Utah Division of Wildlife; U.S. Geological Survey UCFWRU (in-kind)

### INVESTIGATORS

Timothy Walsworth, Post-doctoral Research Associate; Willam Macfarlane, Research Associate; Scott Shahverdian, Researcher Emma Doden, M.S. Candidate; Julie Young, Associate Professor

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Phaedra Budy, USGS UCFWRU, USU Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center; Joseph Wheaton, USU Watershed Sciences

### PROJECT PERIOD

June 2018 - Present

### FIGURE CAPTION

Graduate student Ben Stout and research scientist Gary Thiede tag native flannelmouth sucker in the Price River during a pre-restoration monitoring survey.



## Exploring relationships between hydrologic conditions and endangered Rio Grande silvery minnow population dynamics

Arid-land rivers have been highly altered over the past century, as human land and water development has redistributed the timing and magnitude of the natural hydrograph. Hydrologic alterations such as dams, diversions and levees have altered desert rivers from the conditions to which the native fish species have adapted, resulting in widespread species declines, extirpations, and listings under the Endangered Species Act. In this project, we are investigating the impact of different annual hydrologic conditions on the productivity and survival of the Rio Grande silvery minnow, an endemic fish of the Rio Grande. The Middle Rio Grande is a highly developed watershed, with large water withdrawals and diversions for agricultural and municipal purposes. As such, the spring flooding conditions to which the silvery minnow is evolutionarily adapted do not occur in all years, and summer water withdrawals often lead many sections of the river channel to dry completely. These changes have led to dramatic range reductions and declines in abundance of the endangered Rio Grande silvery minnow. Our objectives are to use quantitative modeling approaches to explore the relationships between different components of the annual hydrograph and Rio Grande silvery minnow populations. Ultimately, these analyses could inform an adaptive management approach by being used to explore the expected silvery minnow population responses to alternative water management strategies in the Middle Rio Grande.

### FUNDING

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation  
U.S. Geological Survey UTCFWRU (in-kind)

### INVESTIGATORS

Timothy Walsworth, Post-doctoral Research Associate

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Phaedra Budy, USGS UTCFWRU, USU Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center

### PROJECT PERIOD

June 2018 - Present

### FIGURE CAPTION

Extensive summertime drying of the Middle Rio Grande in summer 2018.



## Ecological effects and fishery conservation implications of a quasi-natural fish barrier on the Lower San Juan River, Utah

Impacts of stream fragmentation and non-native species introductions shape the structure and function of freshwater ecosystems and contribute to the decline of stream fish biodiversity. On the San Juan River, Utah, a novel waterfall poses a likely barrier to upstream movement, both for ESA-listed migratory fish Colorado Pikeminnow and Razorback Sucker and potentially invasive predatory sportfish from a downstream impoundment (Lake Powell). Given the likely permanence of this novel feature and its potential to influence imperiled species, our goal is to weigh its relative costs (impeding native fish migration) versus benefits (spatially limiting detrimental species interactions) to native fish conservation. In 2018 we collected fish, their diets and stable isotope samples along a river continuum spanning the waterfall to test whether metrics of fish community composition, structure and species interactions differ between reaches above and below the feature. In the coming year, we will integrate these data into a population viability model for Razorback Sucker with simulated barrier management scenarios (e.g., full or selective fish passage). Predicting positive or negative effects of this barrier on native fish populations will inform management decisions regarding the waterfall (i.e., should fish passage be considered, and if so, what type?) as well as other future endangered fish recovery efforts.

### FUNDING

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation  
Utah Division of Wildlife Resources

### INVESTIGATORS

Zach Ahrens, M.S. Candidate and UDWR Biologist

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Phaedra Budy, USGS, UTCFWRU, USU-Watershed Sciences, Ecology Center

### PROJECT PERIOD

2018 - 2019

### FIGURE CAPTION

Zach Ahrens and field technicians holding native fishes captured below the waterfall on the San Juan River, UT.



# Terrestrial Research Projects

## Habitat modeling of rare plant species in the intermountain west

This project increases knowledge on rare plants in the Intermountain West by continuing to (i) Implement sampling, data organization, and modelling protocols developed previously, with an expansion outside of the extent of the Colorado Plateau; (ii) Expand modelling efforts to now include abundance estimates, and species-specific occupancy estimates, where data density is sufficient; and (iii) Begin development of a more encompassing data structure amenable to BLM REA Data Portal. The Utah Natural Heritage Program will continue to provide detailed GPS based locations of sensitive species, along with abundance measures of individual plants at sample locations. This information will update older reports of the species using hand drawn maps of plant clusters and rough estimates of numbers of individuals. The information gathered at negative (i.e., true absence) points will be used to better define the habitat of the sensitive species, and help in future surveys for rare plants. Collection of these data is part of a longer-term strategy to survey these species and obtain sufficient data for spatial modelling efforts.

### FUNDING:

Bureau of Land Management

### INVESTIGATORS

Robert Fitts, Research Associate  
Mindy Wheeler, Research Associate  
Benjamin Gibbons, Undergraduate Researcher  
Kristian Valles, Undergraduate Researcher

### FACULTY:

Thomas Edwards, USGS UICFWRU, USU Wildland Resources

### PROJECT PERIOD:

2012–2018

**FIGURE CAPTION:** Spatially explicit prediction model for Elizabeth's milkvetch.

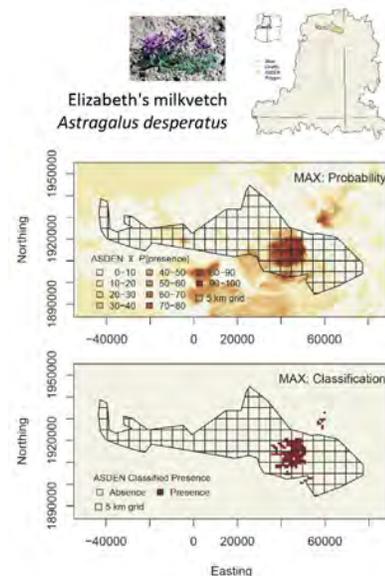


Photo by Robert Fitts

Photo by Tom Edwards

## Utah threatened and endangered plant inventory: modelling rare plant species distributions in the context of multiple-use land management

Utah is the home of approximately 340 endemic plant taxa. Many of these are considered species of concern at both State and Federal levels, with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service having responsibility for reviewing the species of concern for possible listing under the Endangered Species Act. Of special interest are identifying, mapping, and modelling known and possible locations of the species on public lands. The botany element of the Utah Natural Heritage Program, now housed in the Quinney College of Natural Resources, Utah State University, will survey for plants considered for review by the Fish and Wildlife Service, along with other species where little information is available. Species distribution models will be built for each species and analyzed in the context of ongoing management issues on public lands, especially energy development.

### FUNDING:

Bureau of Land Management  
Utah Department of Natural Resources

### INVESTIGATORS

Robert Fitts, Research Associate  
Mindy Wheeler, Research Associate  
Benjamin Gibbons, Undergraduate Technician  
Kristian Valles, Undergraduate Technician

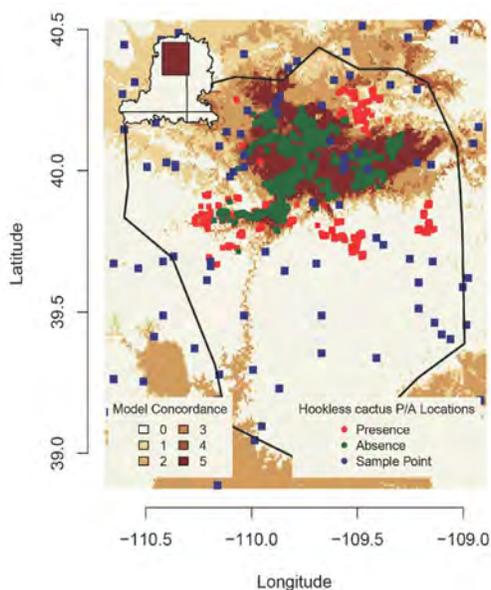
### FACULTY SUPPORT

Thomas Edwards, USGS UTCFWRU, USU Wildland Resources

### PROJECT PERIOD

2012 – 2018

**FIGURE CAPTION:** Predicted distribution of the hookless cactus (darker brown, higher presence likelihood) in relation to known presence (green) and absence (red). Blue are random field sample test locations.



## Linking mule deer survival to nutritional condition and habitat use in Utah

Understanding and managing mechanisms that affect population dynamics compose perhaps the most fundamental aspects of wildlife management. To better understand the underlying factors influencing mule deer populations in Utah, in 2014 the Utah Division of Wildlife Resources (UDWR) began monitoring mule deer survival using GPS collars and collecting data on nutritional condition, habitat use, and cause-specific mortality on seven management units across the state. These data will be analyzed to 1) determine the relationship between December and March body condition and overwinter survival of adult female mule deer across the climatic gradient in Utah, 2) examine the relationship between cause-specific mortality and December body condition, and 3) assess how mule deer use of habitat treatment areas influences overwinter body condition decline and survival. Preliminary results suggest a strong influence of December nutritional condition on survival with animals entering winter in lesser condition having a higher probability of dying due to malnutrition or coyote predation. Data also suggest weather events such as drought and severe winters negatively impact nutritional condition, but nutritional condition can be improved by increasing habitat quality.

### FUNDING

Utah Division of Wildlife Resources  
Mule Deer Foundation  
Safari Club International  
Sportsmen for Fish and Wildlife  
Utah Archery Association  
U. S. Geological Survey, UTCFWRU (in-kind)

### INVESTIGATORS

Kent Hersey, UDWR and PhD Candidate

### FACULTY SUPPORT

Thomas Edwards, USGS, UTCFWRU, USU WILD

### PROJECT PERIOD

2017–2021

### FIGURE CAPTION

Graduate Student Kent Hersey releases a GPS-collared mule deer on the Wasatch Management Unit, UT.



# learnR: data management, manipulation, and analysis of ecological data using R

The nature of analytical tools employed by University, Federal, State, Tribal and NGO researchers and scientists for analyzing ecological data has changed dramatically from commercial packages (e.g., SAS, SYSTAT) to an open source (“freeware”) environment. Central to this new approach towards analysis of ecological data is R. As a self-described statistical computing package, R rests on a core set of analytical base “packages” augmented by an extensive library of contributed analytical packages. While end-users can learn R by themselves through trial and error, experience indicates some level of base training is required to jump-start end-users. Much of this training can occur in traditional classroom settings, but the nature of R makes it amenable to distance delivery methods. This proposal will generate a set of courses in R amenable for online delivery, including through DOI Learn.

## FUNDING

U.S. Geological Survey, Office of Employee Development

## FACULTY SUPPORT

Thomas Edwards, USGS UTCFWRU, USU Wildland Resources

## PROJECT PERIOD

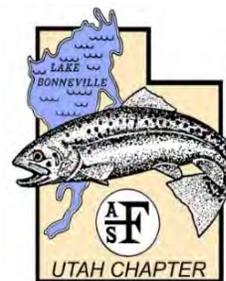
2016 – 2018

## FIGURE CAPTION

FIGURE LEGEND: Web interface to learnR.

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar set to `learnr.usu.edu`. The page features a header with the title "Learning R" and logos for Utah State University (S.J. & JESSIE E. QUINNEY COLLEGE OF NATURAL RESOURCES) and the USGS (science for a changing world). A dark navigation bar contains a hamburger menu icon and links for "Home", "BaseR", "R Markdown", "StatR", and "GIS R". Below the navigation bar, there is a search box labeled "Google CUS". The main content area is titled "Welcome to baseR" and contains a paragraph: "baseR is part of a learning environment being developed to aid you in the application of R to your research and education goals." Below this is a section titled "What is R?" with a paragraph: "R is a programming and analysis environment for statistical computing and graphics. It is based on an ever-expanding set of analytical packages that perform specific analytical, plotting, and other programming tasks. R itself is freeware. On the positive side, it has wonderful analytical and plotting capabilities, and moderate data management capabilities. On the negative side, you get what you pay for, and since R and its associated packages are free there are many curious idiosyncrasies found in R you will experience." A sidebar on the left contains a navigation menu with the following items: "baseR", "Introduction to baseR" (expanded), "1.1 Purpose of Primer" (highlighted), "1.2 Some Web Sites for R", "1.3 Some Books in R", "The R Environment", "Basics of Data Management", and "Data Management".

# Sponsored Events



04/03/2019

USGS, Utah Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Research Unit  
Attn: Phaedra Budy  
5290 Old Main Hill  
Utah State University  
Logan, UT 84322-5290

Dear Phaedra,

On behalf of the Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society (UTAFS), please accept our sincere appreciation for your generous sponsorship. Not only did your sponsorship help our Chapter host another successful Annual Meeting on March 12<sup>th</sup>-14<sup>th</sup>, 2019 in Provo, but your financial contribution will also help us sustain growth and financial viability into the future.

Your continued support helps us maintain our mission of promoting conservation and responsible utilization of aquatic resources throughout the state of Utah. It also helps further our goals to improve the conservation and sustainability of fishery resources and aquatic ecosystems by advancing the science and promoting the development of fisheries professionals.

As we continue to grow as a chapter, please know that partnerships with our sponsors are vital to our success. You are truly appreciated. Thanks again.

Sincerely,

*Benjamin R. Brown*

Benjamin Brown  
Past President  
Utah Chapter of the American Fisheries Society  
801 536 4363; utafspp@gmail.com

# UDWR-USU Science Seminar Luncheon Series

## Fall 2018 - Spring 2019



**Kezia Manlove, Assistant Professor  
Department of Wildland Resources, USU**

**Date:** Tuesday, October 9th, 2018

**Time:** 12:00—1:00 p.m. (Light lunch will be served)

**Place:** DNR Room 2000, DWR SLC Main Offices

### **Bighorn Sheep Pneumonia: Understanding and Managing a Disease Threat in the Wild**

Bighorn sheep have suffered major declines throughout their range over the last 150 years. The foremost cause of these declines, infectious pneumonia, remains an insidious problem for sportsmen, conservationists, and management agencies alike. Dr. Manlove will review current knowledge about bighorn sheep pneumonia, emphasizing work she and her collaborators have conducted across five states, discuss current questions of high priority, and consider potential pathways forward toward managing this disease in the wild.



**Clark Rushing, Assistant Professor  
Department of Wildland Resources, USU**

**Date:** Tuesday, December 4, 2018

**Time:** 12:00—1:00 p.m. (Light lunch will be served)

**Place:** DNR Room 2000, DWR SLC Main Offices

### **Estimating the effects of habitat loss and climate change on migratory birds across their annual cycle**

Every year, billions of birds migrate between their temperate breeding grounds and tropical wintering grounds in one of the most extraordinary phenomena in the animal kingdom. Although migratory birds are exquisitely adapted to a life on the move, completing these daunting journeys requires high-quality habitat at each stage of their annual cycle, including breeding, migration/stopover, and wintering. Migratory birds therefore live life on the edge - climate or habitat disruptions at any stage of their annual cycle can have devastating effects on population viability. In this talk, I will discuss my research to quantify and predict the impacts of habitat loss and climate change occurring across the annual cycle on the population dynamics of migratory birds.



## Tal Avgar, Assistant Professor Department of Wildland Resources, USU

Date: Thursday, January 17, 2019

Time: 12:00—1:00 p.m. (Light lunch will be served)

Place: DNR Room 2000, DWR SLC Main Offices

### Using Movement-Ecology Research to Advance Wildlife Management and Conservation

This seminar will introduce Dr. Tal Avgar's research program and how it may contribute to advancing wildlife management and conservation in Utah. To illustrate, Tal will focus on his recent work on integrated Step-Selection Analysis and its application to the study of the impacts of anthropogenic linear features on various wildlife species. He'll discuss knowledge gaps and inferential weaknesses in the field of wildlife movement ecology, and how might those be bridged.



## Tom Edwards, Professor Department of Wildland Resources, USU

Date: Thursday, February 14, 2019

Time: 12:00—1:00 p.m. (Light lunch will be served)

Place: DNR Room 2000, DWR SLC Main Offices

### Assessing Decision-Risk in Species Range Maps and Dis- tribution Models for Use in Conservation Management

All spatially-based (landscape-scale) management relies to some extent on knowledge of species distributions. At the level of the Endangered Species Act, distributions are clearly integral to ESA-related Federal Register documentation. Defensible distributions are equally integral to state-based Wildlife Action Plans, as well as being important to land management agencies such as the DWR, BLM, NPS, and USFS. This seminar will address questions you may have about this topic.



## Sarah Klain, Assistant Professor Dept. of Environment & Society, USU

Date: Thursday, April 18, 2019

Time: 12:00—1:00 p.m. (Light lunch will be served)

Place: DNR Room 2000, DWR SLC Main Offices

### Catalyzing Ecologically Regenerative Renewable Energy

How can transitioning to clean energy, which is among humanity's most urgent challenges, be done in ways that address climate change and support biodiversity? Mitigating climate change requires scaling up wind and solar farms. These farms can negatively impact wildlife, and they have larger footprints per unit of energy generated than most conventional ways of producing electricity. Land-based wind has grown rapidly while solar photovoltaic (PV) farms are on the brink of large-scale deployment. Instead of minimizing ecological harm, how can the wind and solar industries be ecologically beneficial? This talk will identify how conservation social science can contribute to solutions involving renewable energy infrastructure and wildlife.



**Thank you for your  
ongoing support for  
research and education.**

# Notes